

**AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

**Listing of Claims:**

1. (Withdrawn) An apparatus for manufacturing a semiconductor device, comprising:
  - a first chamber having a first substrate holder provided in the lower portion of the first chamber for mounting a sample thereon, a halogen lamp provided in the upper portion of the first chamber for irradiating lamp light to the sample, and a substrate door through which the sample passes;
  - a second chamber having a temperature-adjustable second substrate holder provided in the lower portion of the second chamber for mounting the sample thereon, a middle film provided in the middle portion of the second chamber for dividing the chamber into an upper portion and a lower portion, an elevating portion attached to said second substrate holder for moving said second substrate holder into the upper portion or the lower portion on the basis of the middle film, and a metal depositing portion provided in the upper portion of the second chamber;
  - pumping portions connected to said first chamber and said second chamber, for adjusting the pressures thereof, respectively;
  - gas injecting portions connected to said first chamber and said second chamber, for injecting a gas by a certain amount, respectively; and
  - a connecting portion for allowing the sample to reciprocally moving between said first chamber and said second chamber without injecting outside air, and
  - the connecting portion including a gate valve.
2. (Withdrawn) The apparatus for manufacturing the semiconductor device according to claim 1, wherein said metal depositing portion includes a sputtering gun, a sputter shutter for preventing the metal to be deposited from being spread into the both side thereof during the sputtering process, and a shutter stop for adjusting the aperture of the sputter shutter.
3. (Withdrawn) The apparatus for manufacturing the semiconductor device according to claim 1, wherein said pumping portion uses a rotary pump and a turbo molecular pump.

4. (Withdrawn) The apparatus for manufacturing the semiconductor device according to claim 1, further comprising thermocouples attached to said first substrate holder and said second substrate holder for measuring the temperatures of said first chamber and said second chamber, respectively.

5. (Withdrawn) The apparatus for manufacturing the semiconductor device according to claim 1, further comprising a port provided on the side surface of said first chamber for providing an UV lamp or an electronic source.

6. (Currently Amended) A method for manufacturing a semiconductor device, comprising:

cleaning a substrate on which a semiconductor structure is formed in a first chamber, said first chamber having a substrate holder provided in a lower portion thereof, a halogen lamp provided in an upper portion of the first chamber and a substrate door through which the substrate is allowed to pass;

moving said substrate into a second chamber after cleaning the substrate, said second chamber having a temperature-adjustable sample holder disposed on a temperature-adjustable second substrate holder provided in a lower portion of the second chamber, said sample holder configured to receive the substrate from the first chamber thereon, a middle film provided in a middle portion of the second chamber, said middle film dividing the second chamber into an upper portion and a lower portion, an elevating portion attached to said second substrate holder for moving said second substrate holder between the upper portion and the lower portion, and a metal depositing portion provided in the upper portion of the second chamber;

adjusting the temperature of a ceramic heating element in the second substrate holder and separately adjusting the temperature of another ceramic heating element in the sample holder; and

depositing a metal film by said metal depositing portion by sputtering, wherein a sputter shutter prevents the metal to be deposited from being spread on sides thereof;

wherein a connecting portion connects said first chamber and said second chamber, allowing the substrate to move between said first chamber and said second chamber;

wherein said connecting portion is sealed, preventing a passage of outside air therein;  
wherein the steps of cleaning, moving, and depositing are performed in batch process, without being exposed to outside air; and  
wherein the upper portion and the lower portion of the second chamber have different pressures.

7. (Original) The method for manufacturing the semiconductor device according to claim 6, further comprising heating the substrate after depositing the metal film.

8. (Original) The method for manufacturing the semiconductor device according to claim 6, further comprising growing a sacrificial oxide film in said second chamber, before depositing the metal film.

9. (Previously Presented) A method for manufacturing a Schottky barrier MOSFET:  
positioning a substrate on which a silicon layer, a gate oxide layer, a gate electrode, a spacer is formed in sequence, in a first chamber, said first chamber having a substrate holder provided in a lower portion thereof, a halogen lamp provided in an upper portion of the first chamber and a substrate door through which the substrate is allowed to pass;

cleaning the substrate by using said first chamber, before depositing a metal film for forming a source/drain electrode;

moving said substrate into a second chamber through a connecting portion connecting said second chamber and the first chamber, after cleaning the substrate, said second chamber having a temperature-adjustable sample holder disposed on a temperature-adjustable second substrate holder provided in a lower portion of the second chamber configured to receive the substrate from the first chamber thereon, a middle film provided in a middle portion of the second chamber, said middle film dividing the second chamber into an upper portion and a lower portion, an elevating portion attached to said second substrate holder for moving said second substrate holder between the upper portion and the lower portion, and a metal depositing portion provided in the upper portion of the second chamber;

and moving the substrate in an upward direction into the upper portion of the second chamber;

adjusting the temperature of a ceramic heating element in the second substrate holder and separately adjusting the temperature of another ceramic heating element in the sample holder;

depositing a metal film by using said metal depositing portion by sputtering, wherein a sputter shutter prevents the metal to be deposited from being spread on sides thereof; and

moving the substrate in a downward direction and heating the substrate to form a silicide, after depositing the metal film;

wherein the upper portion and the lower portion of the second chamber have different pressures.

10. (Previously Presented) The method for manufacturing the Schottky barrier MOSFET according to claim 9, further comprising growing a sacrificial oxide film in said second chamber, before depositing said metal film.

11. (Currently Amended) The method for manufacturing the Schottky barrier MOSFET according to claim 9, wherein said step of cleaning is performed by a vacuum cleaning process or a H<sub>2</sub> baking process, said vacuum cleaning process is performed by heating the substrate to a temperature of 650-750° C during 60-300 seconds, under an ultra high vacuum state in which the pressure is equal to and less than 10<sup>-8</sup> Torr, and said H<sub>2</sub> baking process is performed by heating the substrate to the temperature of 700-900°C during 60-300 seconds under the condition that H<sub>2</sub> gas flows ~~in the extent~~ at a rate of 0.5-50 slm and pressure is maintained at 0.1-10 Torr.

12. (Currently Amended) The method for manufacturing the Schottky barrier MOSFET according to claim 10, wherein the step of growing the sacrificial oxide film includes forming a selective silicon layer ~~is performed~~ in the lower portion of said second chamber, and includes the step of maintaining the substrate ~~at the~~ at a pressure equal to and less than ~~10<sup>-8</sup> Torr~~ <sup>sup. 8-10<sup>-8</sup> Torr</sup> and ~~the~~ and a temperature of 550-750°C during 100-500 seconds and injecting Si<sub>2</sub>H<sub>6</sub> or SiH<sub>4</sub> gas into the chamber by ~~1-50~~ at a rate of 1-50 sccm ~~seem to form a selective silicon layer.~~

13. (Previously Presented) The method for manufacturing the Schottky barrier MOSFET according to claim 9, wherein the step of depositing the metal film is performed by using a sputtering method under the state of the pressure of 0.005-50 Torr and an atmosphere of Ar or N<sub>2</sub> gas, and a thickness of the deposited metal film is in the range of 50-500 Å°.

14. (Previously Presented) The method for manufacturing the Schottky barrier MOSFET according to claim 9, wherein the step of heating the substrate for forming the silicide is performed in said first chamber at the pressure equal to and less than 10<sup>-8</sup> Torr.

15. (Previously Presented) The method for manufacturing a semiconductor device according to claim 6, further comprising a step of lowering the wall temperature of the second chamber with water.

16. (New) The method for manufacturing a semiconductor device according to claim 6, wherein said temperature-adjustable sample holder is directly disposed on said temperature-adjustable second substrate holder.

17. (New) The method for manufacturing a Schottky barrier MOSFET according to claim 9, wherein said temperature-adjustable sample holder is directly disposed on said temperature-adjustable second substrate holder.

18. (New) The method for manufacturing a semiconductor device according to claim 6, wherein said elevating portion is self-rotating.

19. (New) The method for manufacturing the Schottky barrier MOSFET according to claim 9, wherein said elevating portion is self-rotating.